

## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

**Target** ROR2

**Synonyms** BDB; BDB1; NTRKR2

Recombinant human ROR2(146-315) Protein with Description

C-terminal human Fc tag

**Delivery** In Stock **Uniprot ID** Q01974 **Expression Host HEK293** 

Tag C-Human Fc tag

Molecular

**Purity** 

**Background** 

ROR2(Ala146-Gln315) hFc(Glu99-Ala330) Characterization

The protein has a predicted molecular mass of **Molecular Weight** 45.4 kDa after removal of the signal peptide.

The purity of the protein is greater than 90% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue

staining.

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before Formulation &

lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis Reconstitution

for specific instructions of reconstitution. Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not

intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Storage & Shipping

Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

temperature.

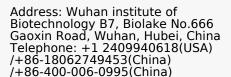
The protein encoded by this gene is a receptor protein tyrosine kinase and type I transmembrane protein that belongs to the ROR subfamily of cell surface receptors. The protein may be involved in the early formation of the chondrocytes and may be required for cartilage and growth plate

development. Mutations in this gene can cause brachydactyly type B, a skeletal disorder characterized by hypoplasia/aplasia of distal phalanges and nails. In addition, mutations in this

gene can cause the autosomal recessive form of Robinow syndrome, which is characterized by skeletal dysplasia with generalized limb bone shortening, segmental defects of the spine, brachydactyly, and a dysmorphic facial appearance. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Usage** Research use only

> Email: info@dimabio.com Website: www.dimabio.com





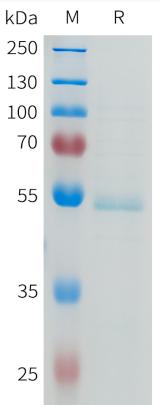


Figure 1. Human ROR2(146-315) Protein, hFc Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition.

