**Delivery** 

**Background** 

**Usage** 



## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

C-Flag Tag Tag **Target** OR10H1

Olfactory receptor 10H1; Olfactory receptor **Synonyms** 

OR19-27

Human OR10H1 full length protein-synthetic Description

nanodisc 6~8weeks

**Uniprot ID Q9Y4A9 HEK293 Expression Host** 

**Protein Families** Transmembrane, Druggable Genome, GPCRDB Class A Rhodopsin-like, **Protein Pathways** 

The human full length OR10H1 protein has a MW **Molecular Weight** 

of 35.3kDa

Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before Formulation & Reconstitution lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis

lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store Storage & Shipping at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing).

Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in

temperature.

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and

hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor

genes and proteins for this organism is

Email: info@dimabio.com Website: www.dimabio.com

independent of other organisms. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008] Research use only

Conjugate Unconjugated

