

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Target	NLRP3
Synonyms	AGTAVPRL;AII;AVP;C1orf7;CIAS1;CLR1.1;DFNA34;FCAS;FCAS1;FCU;KEFH;MWS;NALP3;PYPAF1
Description	Recombinant Human NLRP3 with C-terminal Flag tag
Delivery	In Stock
Uniprot ID	Q96P20
Expression Host	HEK293
Tag	C-Flag Tag
Molecular Characterization	NLRP3(Lys2-Trp1036) Flag
Molecular Weight	The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 121.8 kDa after removal of the signal peptide.
Purity	The purity of the protein is greater than 85% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.
Formulation & Reconstitution	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.
Storage & Shipping	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Background	This gene encodes a pyrin-like protein containing a pyrin domain, a nucleotide-binding site (NBS) domain, and a leucine-rich repeat (LRR) motif. This protein interacts with the apoptosis-associated speck-like protein PYCARD/ASC, which contains a caspase recruitment domain, and is a member of the NALP3 inflammasome complex. This complex functions as an upstream activator of NF-kappaB signaling, and it plays a role in the regulation of inflammation, the immune response, and apoptosis. Mutations in this gene are associated with familial cold autoinflammatory syndrome (FCAS), Muckle-Wells syndrome (MWS), chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular (CINCA) syndrome, and neonatal-onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID). Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene. Alternative 5' UTR structures are suggested by available data, however, insufficient evidence is available to determine if all of the represented 5' UTR splice patterns are biologically valid. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]
Usage	Research use only



DIMABIO CONFIDENTIAL

