

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Tag C-Flag Tag **Target** GRID2

Synonyms GluD2, SCAR18

Human GRID2 full length protein-synthetic Description

nanodisc **Delivery** 6~8weeks **Uniprot ID** 043424 **Expression Host HEK293**

Ion Channels: Glutamate Receptors **Protein Families**

Protein Pathways

Background

The human full length GRID2 protein has a MW of **Molecular Weight**

113.4kDa

Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before Formulation & Reconstitution lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis

Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Storage & Shipping

Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

temperature.

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the family of ionotropic glutamate receptors which are the predominant excitatory

neurotransmitter receptors in the mammalian brain. The encoded protein is a multi-pass membrane protein that is expressed selectively in

cerebellar Purkinje cells. A point mutation in the mouse ortholog, associated with the phenotype named & apos; lurcher & apos; in the heterozygous state leads to ataxia resulting from selective, cell-autonomous apoptosis of cerebellar Purkinje cells during postpatal development. Mice homozygous during postnatal development. Mice homozygous

for this mutation die shortly after birth from massive loss of mid- and hindbrain neurons during late embryogenesis. This protein also plays a role in synapse organization between parallel fibers and Purkinje cells. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. Mutations in this gene cause cerebellar ataxia in humans. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2014]

Usage Research use only Conjugate Unconjugated

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