

PRODUCT INFORMATION

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| Target | AA1R |
| Synonyms | RDC7 |
| Description | Human AA1R full length protein-synthetic nanodisc |
| Delivery | 6~8weeks |
| Uniprot ID | P30542 |
| Expression Host | HEK293 |
| Protein Families | GPCR,Transmembrane,Druggable Genome, |
| Protein Pathways | GPCRDB Class A Rhodopsin-like,Nucleotide GPCRs,Apoptosis,Metabolic and Obesity, |
| Molecular Weight | The human full length AA1R protein has a MW of 36.5kDa |
| Formulation & Reconstitution | Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with pH lower than 6.5 in subsequent experiments. |
| Storage & Shipping | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |
| Background | The protein encoded by this gene is an adenosine receptor that belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family. There are 3 types of adenosine receptors, each with a specific pattern of ligand binding and tissue distribution, and together they regulate a diverse set of physiologic functions. The type A1 receptors inhibit adenylyl cyclase, and play a role in the fertilization process. Animal studies also suggest a role for A1 receptors in kidney function and ethanol intoxication. Transcript variants with alternative splicing in the 5' UTR have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008] |
| Usage | Research use only |

