

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

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| <b>Clone ID</b>                         | DM152   |
| <b>Target</b>                           | IL6R  |
| <b>Synonyms</b>                         | CD126; gp80; IL-6R-1; IL-6RA; IL6Q; IL6RA; IL6RQ  |
| <b>Host Species</b>                     | Rabbit  |
| <b>Description</b>                      | Biotinylated Anti-IL6R antibody(DM152); Rabbit mAb  |
| <b>Delivery</b>                         | 2-3 weeks   |
| <b>Uniprot ID</b>                       | P08887  |
| <b>IgG type</b>                         | Rabbit IgG  |
| <b>Clonality</b>                        | Monoclonal  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>                       | Human   |
| <b>Applications</b>                     | ELISA; Flow Cyt   |
| <b>Recommended Dilutions</b>            | ELISA 1:5000-10000; Flow Cyt 1:100  |
| <b>Purification</b>                     | Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography   |
| <b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b> | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.  |
| <b>Storage &amp; Shipping</b>           | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.   |
| <b>Background</b>                       | This gene encodes a subunit of the interleukin 6 (IL6) receptor complex. Interleukin 6 is a potent pleiotropic cytokine that regulates cell growth and differentiation and plays an important role in the immune response. The IL6 receptor is a protein complex consisting of this protein and interleukin 6 signal transducer (IL6ST:GP130:IL6-beta); a receptor subunit also shared by many other cytokines. Dysregulated production of IL6 and this receptor are implicated in the pathogenesis of many diseases; such as multiple myeloma; autoimmune diseases and prostate cancer. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. A pseudogene of this gene is found on chromosome 9. |
| <b>Usage</b>                            | Research use only   |

