

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

<b>Clone ID</b>	BM1049
<b>Target</b>	G4S linker
<b>Synonyms</b>	GGGGS
<b>Host Species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Description</b>	Anti-(G4S)4 antibody(BM1049), Rabbit mAb
<b>Delivery</b>	In Stock
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	N/A
<b>IgG type</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Reactivity</b>	N/A
<b>Applications</b>	ELISA FC
<b>Recommended Dilutions</b>	Flow Cyt 1:100 ELISA 1:5000-10000
<b>Purification</b>	Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography
<b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b>	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.
<b>Storage &amp; Shipping</b>	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
<b>Background</b>	The poly-Glycine-Serine (G4S) linker is a type of flexible, unstructured synthetic peptide linker sequence often leveraged to connect antibody fragments (scFvs) and fusion proteins. The linker itself consists of a core pentapeptide sequence, Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Ser, that is repeated and commonly found as either a 15-mer (G4S)3 or 20-mer (G4S)4 within scFv-based CARs and scFv fragments. The linker sequence length plays a role in controlling scFv stability and the noncovalent association between the VH and VL domains. Anti-(G4S)4 antibody(BM1049) can binds to linkers with more than one repeat of GGGGS peptide.
<b>Usage</b>	Research use only



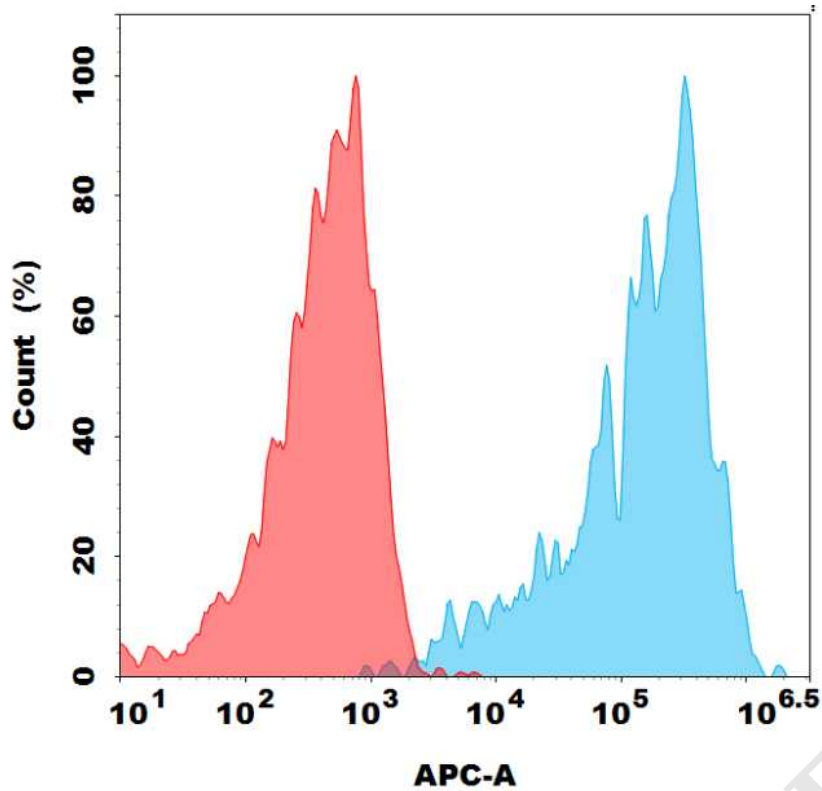


Figure 1. Flow cytometry analysis with Anti-(G4S)4 antibody(BM1049) on Expi293 cells transfected with BCMA CAR Abecma (Blue histogram) or Expi293 transfected with irrelevant protein (Red histogram).

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